



Mulberry UTC First Aid Policy

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Version control		
Version	Reviewed	Changes since last version
2	January 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None
3	January 2021	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Page 3 change responsibility for health and safety from LGB to MST • Page 8 change to state we review the policy annually
4	January 2022	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Replace Senior Vice Principal with Vice Principal. • Include information about where the incident/accident log is held
5	January 2023	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Added an appendix on emergency kit held in school
7	February 2024	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No changes
8	February 2025	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • X2 Adrenaline auto-injectors added to appendix 1 list of emergency kit
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1. Aims

The aims of our first aid policy are to:

- Ensure the health and safety of all staff, pupils and visitors
- Ensure that staff and governors are aware of their responsibilities with regards to health and safety Provide a framework for responding to an incident and recording and reporting the outcomes

2. Legislation and guidance

This policy is based on advice from the Department for Education on first aid in schools and health and safety in schools, and the following legislation:

- The Health and Safety (First Aid) Regulations 1981, which state that employers must provide adequate and appropriate equipment and facilities to enable first aid to be administered to employees, and qualified first aid personnel
- The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1992, which require employers to make an assessment of the risks to the health and safety of their employees
- The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999, which require employers to carry out risk assessments, make arrangements to implement necessary measures, and arrange for appropriate information and training
- The Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR) 2013, which state that some accidents must be reported to the Health and Safety Executive (HSE), and set out the timeframe for this and how long records of such accidents must be kept
- Social Security (Claims and Payments) Regulations 1979, which set out rules on the retention of accident records
- The Education (Independent School Standards) Regulations 2014, which require that suitable space is provided to cater for the medical and therapy needs of pupils

This policy complies with our funding agreement.

3. Roles and responsibilities

3.1 Appointed person(s) and first aiders

The school's appointed staff for first aid duties are regularly reviewed and updated.

They are responsible for:

- Taking charge when someone is injured or becomes ill
- Ensuring there is an adequate supply of medical materials in first aid kits, and replenishing the contents of these kits
- Ensuring that an ambulance or other professional medical help is summoned when appropriate

First aiders are trained and qualified to carry out the role (see section 7) and are responsible for:

- Acting as first responders to any incidents; they will assess the situation where there is an injured or ill person, and provide immediate and appropriate treatment
- Sending pupils home to recover, where necessary
- Filling in an accident report on the same day, or as soon as is reasonably practicable, after an incident (the form is available in the front office reception).
- Keeping their contact details up to date

Our school's First Aider's names will be displayed prominently around the school. In the event that First Aid assistance is required a member of staff should request a first aider using the MUTC-All First Aiders email address: MUTC-AllFirstAiders@mulberryschoolstrust.org

3.2 The Local Governing Body and the Trust Board

The Trust Board has ultimate responsibility for health and safety matters in the school, but delegates operational matters and day-to-day tasks to the Principal and staff members, whose work in this area is overseen by the Local Governing Body.

3.4 The Principal

- The Principal has delegated responsibility to the Vice Principal for the implementation of this policy, although keeping close supervision of its enactment. Responsibilities include:
- Ensuring that an appropriate number First Aiders are present in the school at all times

- Ensuring that first aiders have an appropriate qualification, keep training up to date and remain competent to perform their role
- Ensuring all staff are aware of first aid procedures
- Ensuring appropriate risk assessments are completed and appropriate measures are put in place
- Undertaking, or ensuring that managers undertake, risk assessments, as appropriate, and that appropriate measures are put in place
- Ensuring that adequate space is available for catering to the medical needs of pupils Reporting specified incidents to the HSE when necessary (see section 6)

3.5 Staff

School staff are responsible for:

- Ensuring they follow first aid procedures
- Ensuring they know who the first aiders in school are
- Completing accident reports for all incidents they attend to where a first aider is not called
- Informing the Principal or their manager of any specific health conditions or first aid needs.

4. First aid procedures

4.1 In-school procedures

In the event of an accident resulting in injury:

- The closest member of staff present will assess the seriousness of the injury and seek the assistance of a qualified first aider, if appropriate, who will provide the required first aid treatment
- The first aider, if called, will assess the injury and decide if further assistance is needed from a colleague or the emergency services. They will remain on scene until help arrives

- The first aider will also decide whether the injured person should be moved or placed in a recovery position
- If the first aider judges that a pupil is too unwell to remain in school, parents will be contacted and asked to collect their child. Upon their arrival, the first aider will recommend next steps to the parents
- If emergency services are called, a member of the Senior Leadership Team will ensure that contact is made with the child's parents immediately
- The first aider / appropriate staff member who is aware of or witnessed the incident will complete an accident report form on the same day or as soon as is reasonably practical after an incident resulting in an injury. The accident and incident log is held by the Office Manager.
- In the event of a student being required to go to hospital then the first aider will ensure that they are accompanied, by them personally or by another member of staff
- If a student is taken to hospital by ambulance then again the first aider must ensure that the student is accompanied by a member of staff if the parents are not present
- The Vice Principal and other most senior staff member available must be informed
- In cases where students are to be taken to hospital parents shall be informed as soon as possible. Upon arrival of the parents at the hospital the member of staff shall be permitted to return to school
- The first aider is expected to make a judgement as to the seriousness of a student's ailment. If they are in any doubt then they must contact a member of SLT.
- In the event of a chemical burn, serious impact or other injury being sustained by a student then a member of SLT must be informed immediately
- A record must be maintained in the main reception for all students who attend reception with ailments. This assists in determining whether there are patterns of behaviour which may need to be investigated further.

4.2 Off-site procedures

When taking pupils off the school premises, staff will ensure they always have the following:

- A mobile phone
- A portable first aid kit
- Information about the specific medical needs of pupils
- Parents' contact details

Risk assessments will be completed by the responsible SLT member of staff prior to any educational visit that necessitates taking pupils off school premises.

There will always be at least one first aider on school trips and visits where a child has an appropriate medical need.

5. First aid equipment

- A typical first aid kit in our school will include the following:
- A leaflet with general first aid advice
- Regular and large bandages
- Eye pad
- bandages
- Triangular
- Bandages
- Adhesive tape
- Safety pins
- Disposable
- gloves
- Antiseptic
- wipes
- Plasters of assorted sizes
- Scissors
- Cold compresses
- Burns
- dressings
- No medication is kept in first aid kits.
- First aid kits are stored in:
 - The medical room
 - Reception (at the desk)
 - All science labs
 - All design and technology classrooms
 - The school kitchens
 - School vehicles

6. Record-keeping and reporting

6.1 First aid and accident record book

An accident log will be completed by the first aider/relevant member of staff on the same day or as soon as possible after an incident resulting in an injury

As much detail as possible should be supplied when reporting an accident, including all of the information included in the accident form

A copy of the accident report form will also be added to the pupil's educational record by the member of staff

Records held in the first aid and accident book will be retained by the school for a minimum of 3 years, in accordance with regulation 25 of the Social Security (Claims and Payments) Regulations 1979, and then securely disposed of.

6.2 Reporting to the HSE

The relevant member of SLT will keep a record of any accident which results in a reportable injury, disease, or dangerous occurrence as defined in the RIDDOR 2013 legislation (regulations 4, 5, 6 and 7).

The SLT member will report these to the Health and Safety Executive as soon as is reasonably practicable and in any event within 10 days of the incident.

Reportable injuries, diseases or dangerous occurrences include:

- Death
- Specified injuries, which are:
 - Fractures, other than to fingers, thumbs and toes
 - Amputations
 - Any injury likely to lead to permanent loss of sight or reduction in sight
 - Any crush injury to the head or torso causing damage to the brain or internal organs
 - Serious burns (including scalding)
 - Any scalping requiring hospital treatment
 - Any loss of consciousness caused by head injury or asphyxia
 - Any other injury arising from working in an enclosed space which leads to hypothermia or heat-induced illness, or requires resuscitation or admittance to hospital for more than 24 hours
- Injuries where an employee is away from work or unable to perform their normal work duties for more than 7 consecutive days (not including the day of the incident)
- Where an accident leads to someone being taken to hospital
- Near-miss events that do not result in an injury, but could have done. Examples of near-miss events relevant to schools include, but are not limited to:
 - The collapse or failure of load-bearing parts of lifts and lifting equipment
 - The accidental release of a biological agent likely to cause severe human illness
 - The accidental release or escape of any substance that may cause a serious injury or damage to health
- An electrical short circuit or overload causing a fire or explosion Information on how to make a RIDDOR report is available here:

www.hse.gov.uk/riddor/report.htm

7. Training

- All school staff are able to undertake first aid training if they would like to, where it is practical and appropriate for their role.
- All first aiders must have completed a training course, and must hold a valid certificate of competence to show this. The school will keep a register of all trained first aiders, what training they have received and when this is valid until.
- Staff are encouraged to renew their first aid training when it is no longer valid.

8. Monitoring arrangements

This policy will be reviewed by the Principal every year.

At every review, the policy will be approved by the Local Governing Body.

9. Links with other policies

This first aid policy is linked to the

- Health and safety policy
- Medical Needs Policy

Appendix 1 – Emergency Kit

Mulberry UTC is responsible for acquiring and maintaining emergency kit (s), including inhalers and adrenaline pens, to be used in the event of an asthma/wheeze attack or anaphylaxis- where the pupil's own medication is not immediately available.

Consent for use of the emergency kit is obtained in advance. Whether the pupil or their parents/guardians have consented to the use of the emergency kit in the event of an emergency is recorded in the medical needs register.

Number/Location of Emergency Kits (for reference in the event of emergency)

	To be completed by school
Number of emergency kits kept at the school	5 blue inhalers 2 AAIs (Epi Pens)
Location of emergency kits	Medical Cabinet Ground Floor reception area

Acquiring Kit

- Mulberry UTC purchases emergency medication and supporting equipment/documents from a local pharmacy.

Using the Kit

- Emergency medicines should be used if a pupil has an asthma/wheeze attack or anaphylaxis and they don't have access to their own medication.
- Medication should be used as instructed in the pupil's asthma/wheeze/allergy plan.
- Mulberry UTC has a process for storing asthma/allergy/wheeze plans and ensure that staff know where they are stored.
- The Asthma and Allergy Register will give a full list of pupils with asthma/allergy/wheeze plans to help with identifying if the pupil having an asthma/wheeze attack or anaphylaxis has a plan.
- For emergency medicines to be used, the following is needed:
 - Each pupil needs a signed Standard Asthma Care form where parental consent is given for use of emergency medicine.
- For pupils with an allergy, an adrenaline pen will only normally be used on a student without the consent of parent/carer/guardian if emergency medical services (e.g. 999) or other suitably qualified person advises this. However, where doubt exists then the adrenaline pen should be used as unnecessary delays have been associated with death.
- Staff members who have completed training are permitted to support the child to use the emergency kit.
- In the event of an asthma/wheeze attack or anaphylaxis and after a decision on using the emergency kit has been made:
 - The pupil's parents and guardians should be informed in writing.

Maintaining Emergency Kit

- Mulberry UTC medical needs lead has responsibility for maintaining the emergency kit, including replacing used medication, storing medicines at the proper temperature and disposing used medicines properly.
- The medical needs lead checks monthly that the inhalers, spacers and adrenaline pens are present and in working order, and that the inhaler has sufficient doses available and has greater than 3 months until expiry;
- The medical needs lead obtains replacement inhalers and adrenaline pens if the expiry date is within 3 months
- The inhaler can be reused, so long as it hasn't come into contact with any bodily fluids. Following use, the inhaler canister will be removed, and the plastic inhaler housing and cap will be washed in warm running water and left to dry in air in a clean safe place. The canister will be returned to the housing when dry and the cap replaced. Return to emergency kit after cleaning and drying.
- Empty inhaler canisters will be [returned to the pharmacy](#) to be recycled.
- Before using a salbutamol inhaler for the first time, or if it has not been used for 2 weeks or more, shake and release 2 puffs of medicine into the air
- The adrenaline pen devices should be stored at room temperature (in line with manufacturer guidance), protected from direct sunlight and extremes of temperature.
- Once an adrenaline pen has been used it cannot be reused and must be disposed of according to manufacturer's guidance as it contains a needle
- Used adrenaline pens can be given to ambulance paramedics on arrival or disposed of in a sharps bin (available from pharmacies or online) for collection by the local council